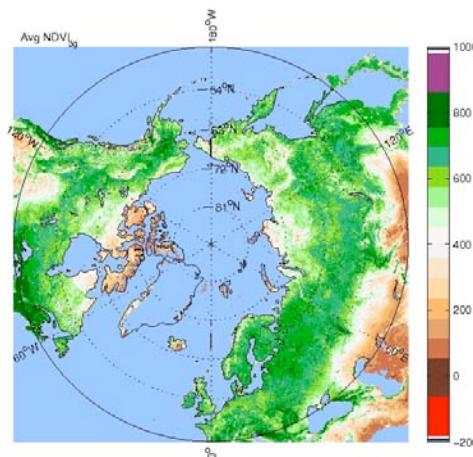


# GIMMS 3g NDVI set and global NDVI trends



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# New GIMMS-NDVI<sub>3g</sub> for Arctic Regions

- Data continuity AVHRR-MODIS-VIIRS
  - Quantify photosynthesis on the land
  - MODIS substantial improvement over AVHRR
  - Through scientific analysis, AVHRR and MODIS can be combined
  - VIIRS follow-on instrument (NPP – Sep 2011)
- Comprehensive analysis of NDVI trends in the High Arctic – Other presentations



# Requirements of NDVI data for monitoring vegetation dynamics

- Reliable sources of consistent long time series data: the continuum of AVHRR and MODIS data provide a nearly 30-year product of global land photosynthesis
- Effective temporal and spatial scales: bimonthly 8km data.
- Repetitive automated measurements: data updated every quarter
- Continuity: methodology can be adapted to add VIIRS into the continuum



## Can NDVI- AVHRR and MODIS be combined? VIIRS?

Sensor	VIS (nm)	NIR (nm)	Radiometric	Spatial
AVHRR	580-680	725-1100	0-1023	8km (1.1km)
MODIS	620-670	841-876	0-4095	250m
VIIRS	600-680	846-885	0-1023	375m

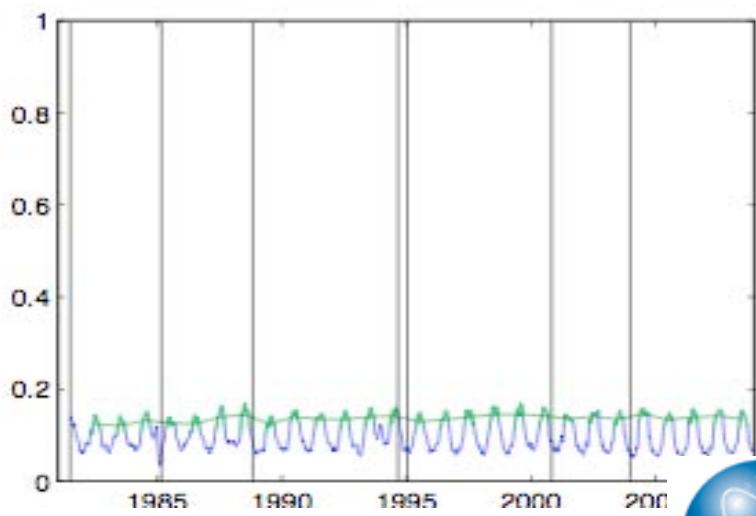
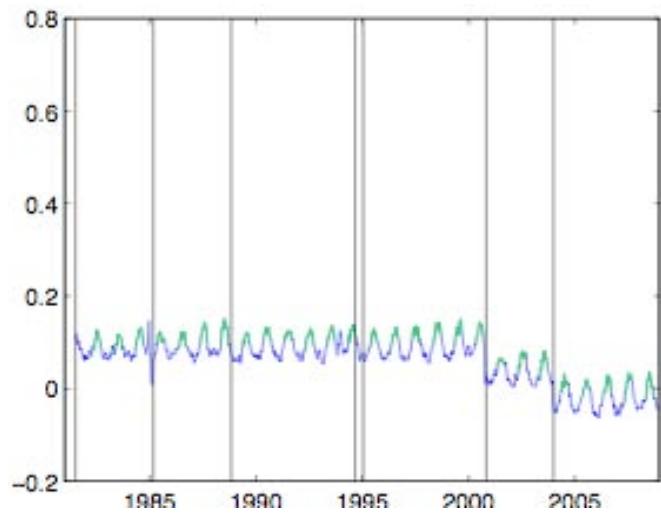
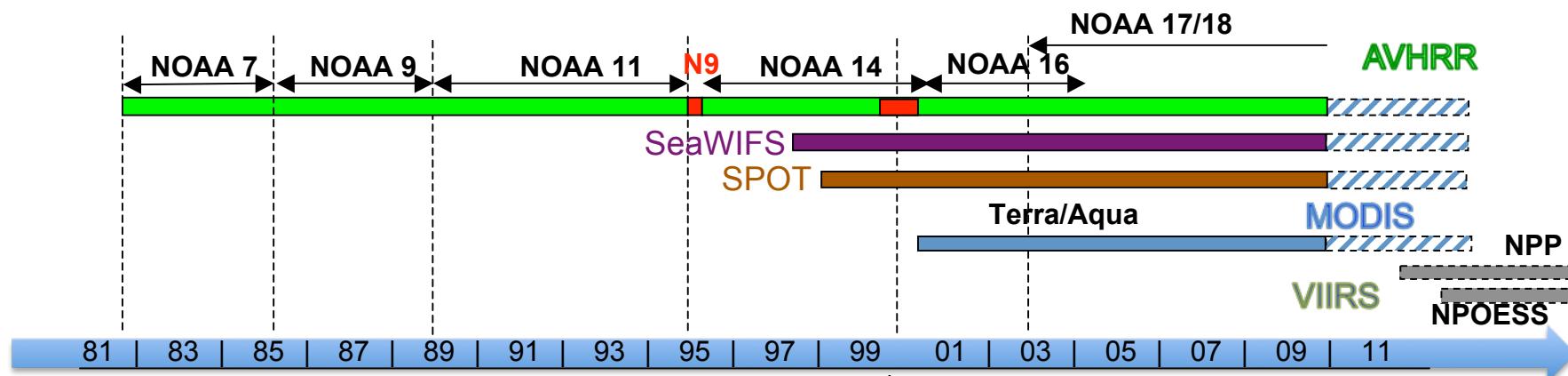
$$\text{NDVI} = (\text{NIR}-\text{VIS})/(\text{NIR}+\text{VIS})$$

Recalibration through histogram regularization

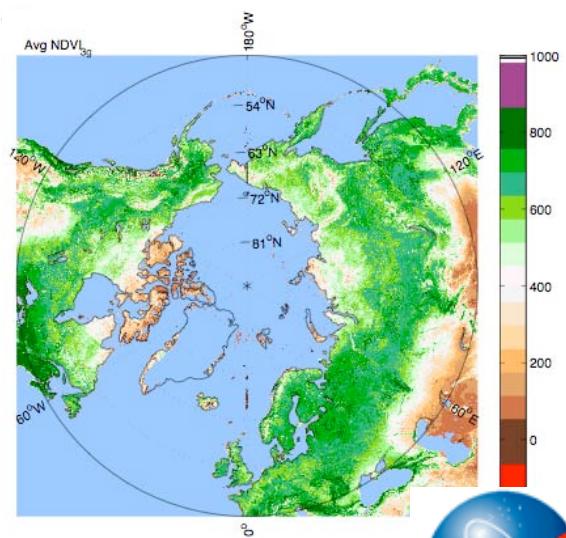
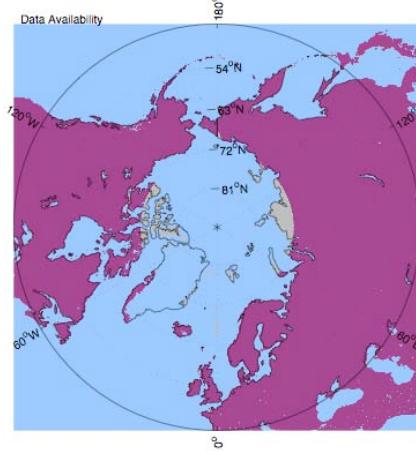
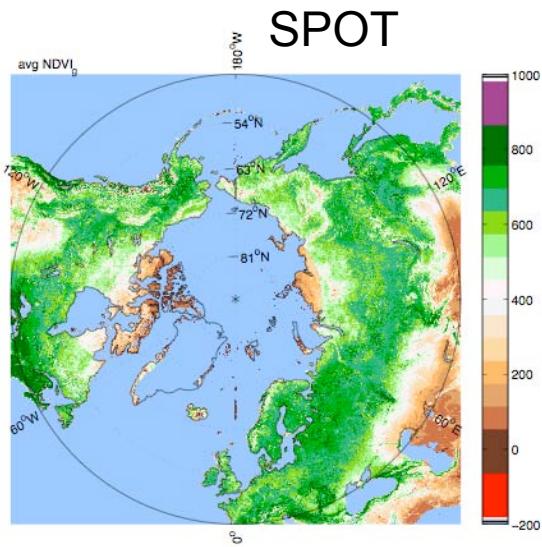
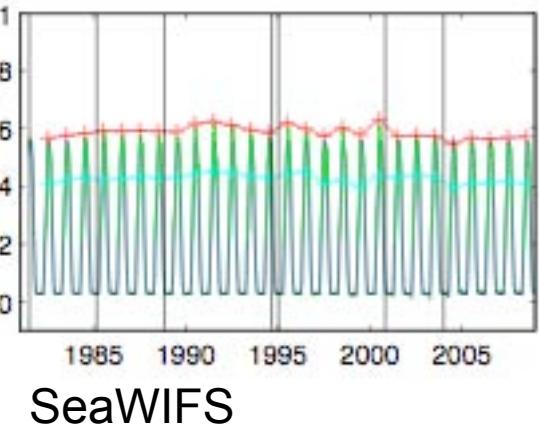
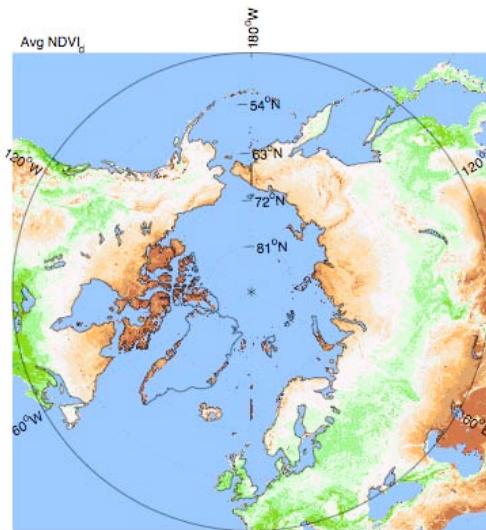
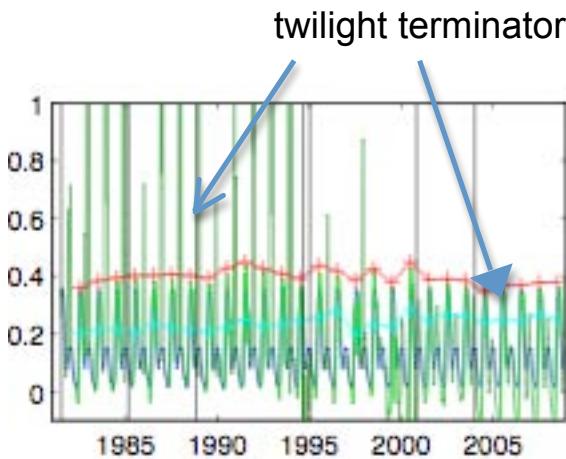
$$(X - m_1) * s_2 / s_1 + m_2$$



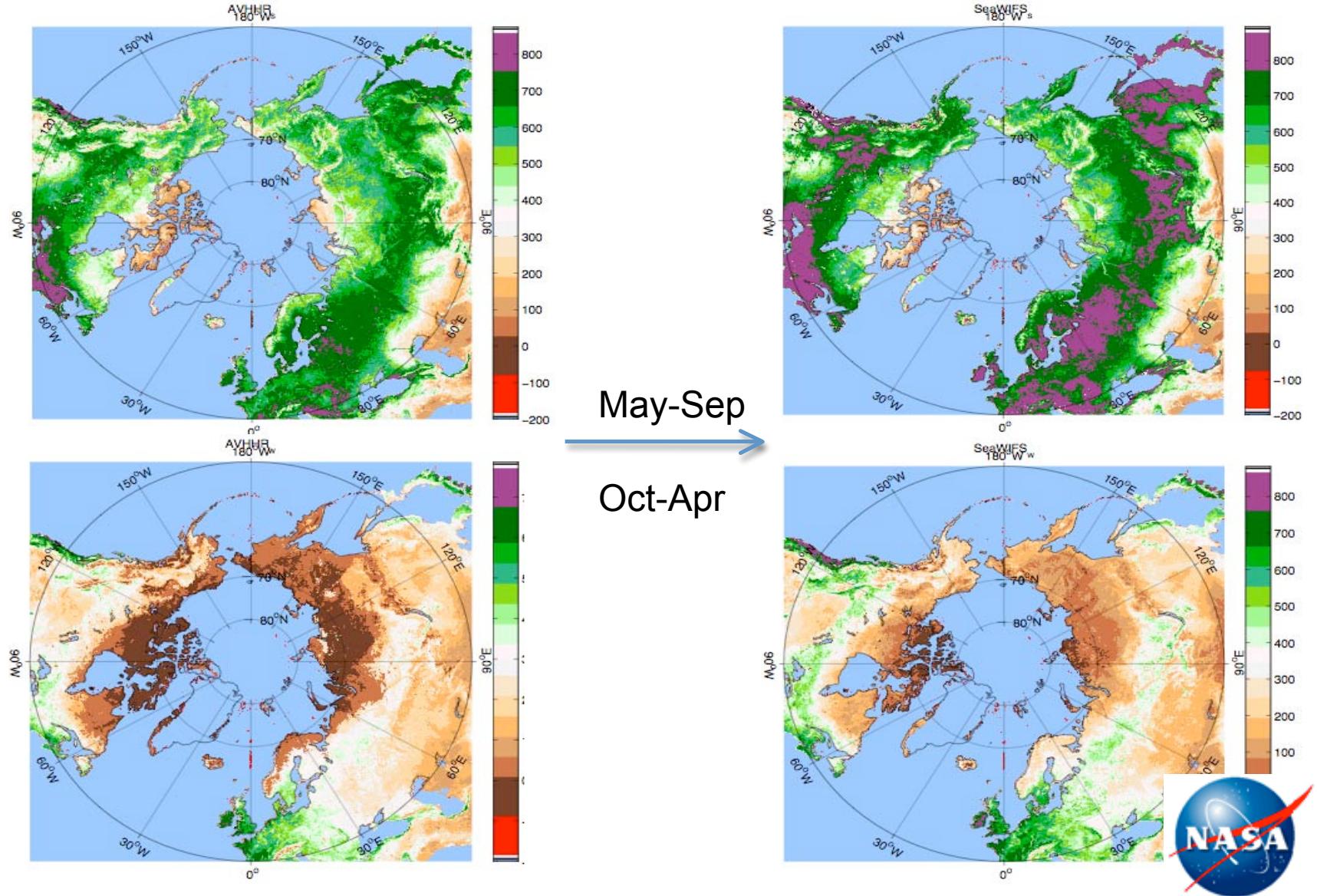
# Improving spectral sensitivity and temporal discontinuities



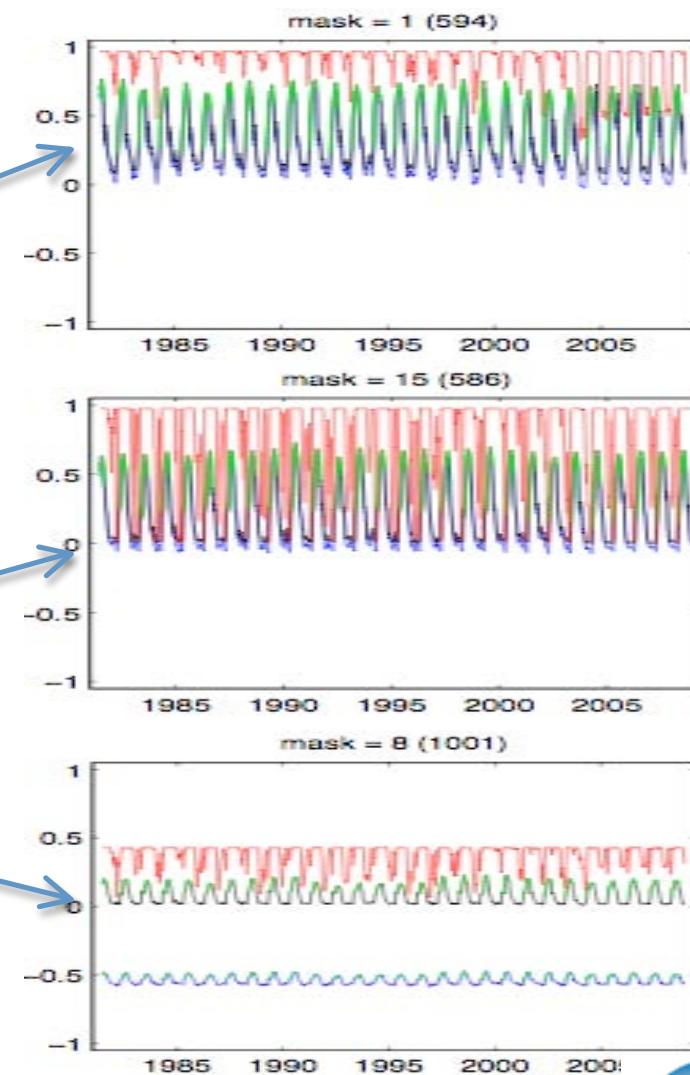
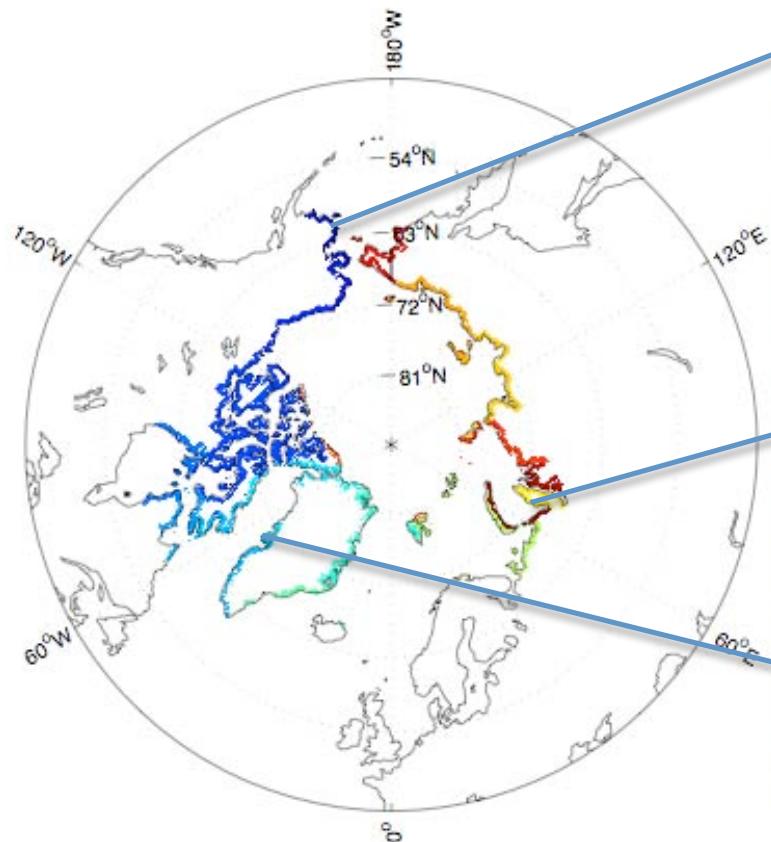
- Improving AVHRR spectral sensitivity and artifacts



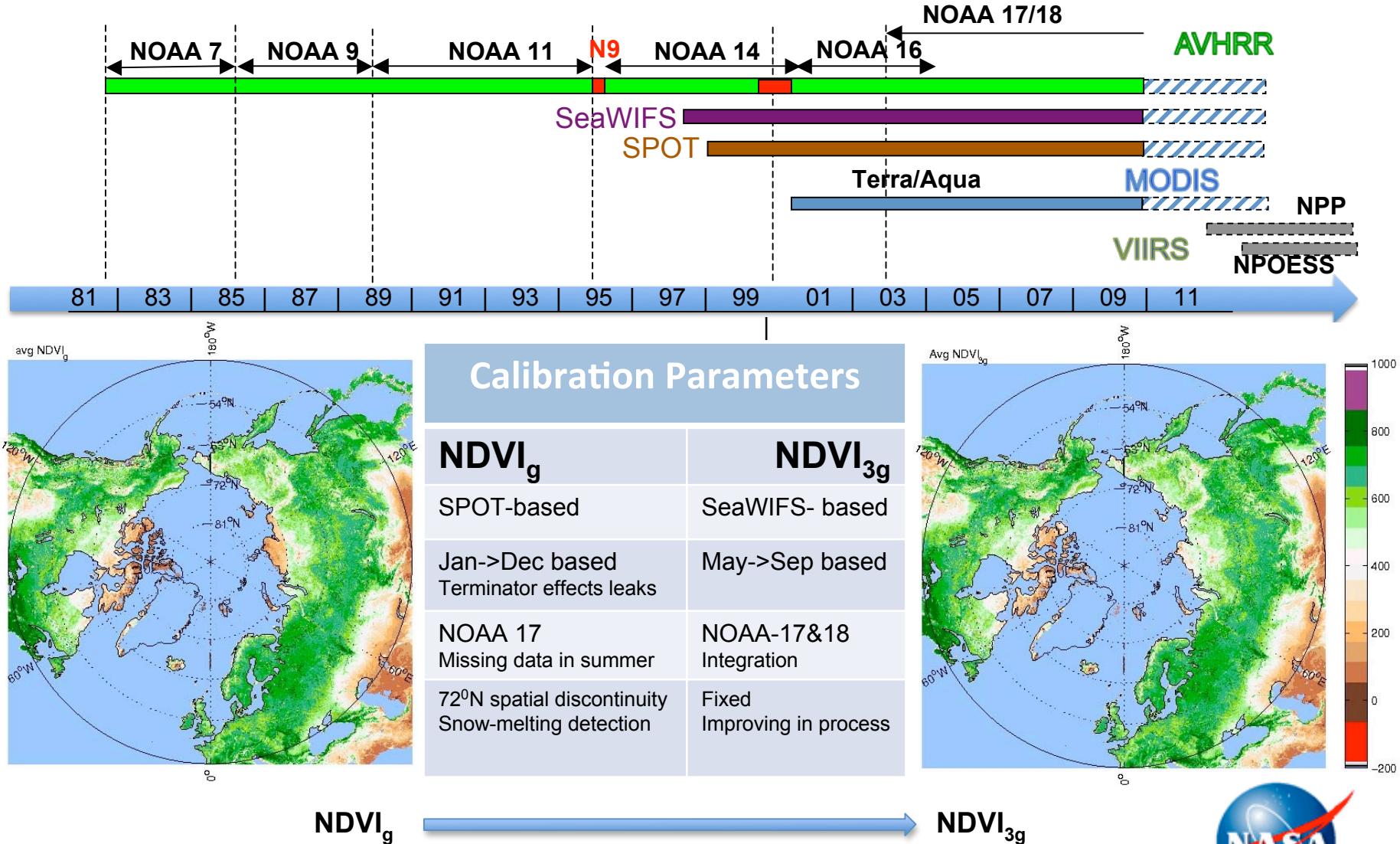
# New spectral sensitivity May->Sep-based



# Time series from High Arctic



# Conclusion New GIMMS-NDVI<sub>3g</sub> for Arctic Regions



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